

# Geography Lesson 4

Which is the largest country in this continent?

*Algeria; it covers 2,381,741sq km.  
The UK covers 93,682 sq km.*

Approximately how many times could you fit the UK into Algeria?

Which country has the largest population?

*Nigeria with a population of 206.1 million people.  
The UK has a population of 68 million people.*

What is the highest mountain in Africa?

*The highest mountain in Africa is Mount Kibo in the Kilimanjaro range in Tanzania.*

How did you do?

How many of these key facts did you find?

Look at the information comparing the countries with the UK.

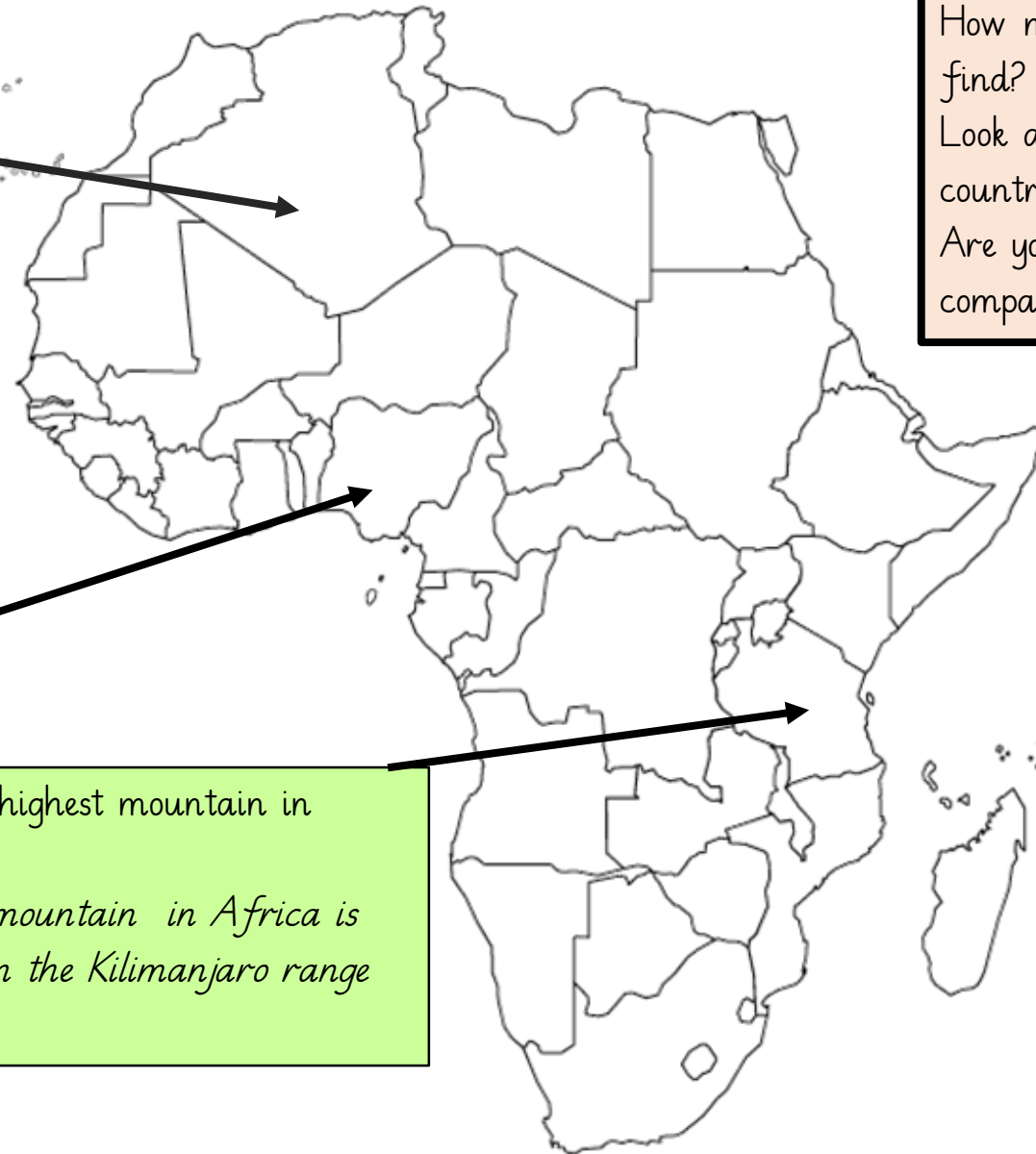
Are you surprised by any of the comparisons?

What is the longest river in this continent?

*The River Nile. It is 6853km long.*

Do you recognise this map?

*It's a map of Africa*



# Geography Lesson 4

LI: I can evaluate the impact of tourism on a local area.

Archipelago:

A group of small islands or an area of sea containing many islands



The Cape Verde *archipelago* consists of 12 islands of which 9 are habited. They are located a few hundred kilometres to the west coast of Africa in the North Atlantic Ocean. The islands differ greatly from each other, which makes it so unique. Each island has its own qualities and is suitable for certain activities such as surfing, hiking or enjoying beautiful beaches.



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Brava is the smallest of the Cape Verde Islands (62.5 sq km).

The islands has a moderate tropical climate. The average temperature on the coast is 23-25 degrees Celsius and drops to 17-20 degrees Celsius in the mountains. September has the most rainfall with an average of 2.8mm.

Because of dangerous crosswinds, you can only travel to Brava by ferry.



The island is a stratovolcano, but there have been no historical eruptions.

The population of Brava is 5,698 (2015)

For many years the main industry was whaling, but the economy of the islands is now based on agriculture including: fishing, coffee, potatoes, corn banana and sugar cane.

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L1: I can evaluate the impact of tourism on a local area.



The capital of Brava is Vila Nova Sintra. Vila Nova Sintra lies 500m above sea level and is often engulfed in fog.

Faja d'Água is a small village at the foot of the mountains with a magnificent bay. It is beautifully situated with many fruit trees. It's a good place to relax and enjoy the peaceful environment.



The harbour of Brava is in the port of Furna, which is located in a volcanic crater. Furna is the busiest town of Brava. Around the harbour promenade are several restaurants and bars.

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L1: I can evaluate the impact of tourism on a local area.



Look carefully at the images of Brava. Use the information to help you complete the task on the next page.





## Geography Lesson 4

L1: I can evaluate the impact of tourism on a local area.

Using all the information you have been given and any other information you may find from further research, list all the reasons that would make Brava a good tourist destination.

Think of all the reasons that people choose different locations to visit for a holiday.

What different activities are available?

Who might benefit?

Now list the reasons why Brava is not a good holiday destination.

Think about people who might not want the develop of tourism on the island.

